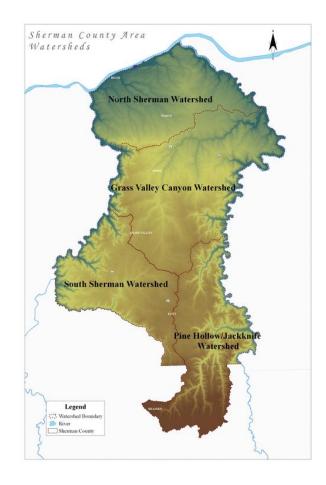
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICIALS

June 30, 2022

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	POSITION
Jesse Stutzman	PO Box 116 Wasco, OR 97065	Board Chair
Trevor Fields	75960 Highway 97 Wasco, OR 97065	Secretary
Clint Moore	96981 Monkland Ln Moro, OR 97039	Treasurer
Josh Hilderbrand	PO Box 2 Wasco, OR 97065	Vice Chair
Nick von Borstel	57513 von Borstel Rd Grass Valley, OR 97029	Member
	ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF	
Amanda Whitman		District Manager/ Registered Agent
Hannah Fatland		Watershed Coordinator
	PO Box 405	

Moro, OR 97039

Moro, Oregon INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Statement of Net Position
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund
REPORT REQUIRED BY STATE OF OREGON
Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations
REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and Internal Control
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
Findings in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards



Mitch T. Saul, CPA Amy K. Walker, CPA Harmony S. Piazza, CPA Anna K. Bass

Robert M. Armstrong, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Sherman County Soil & Water Conservation District Moro, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sherman County Soil & Water Conservation District, Moro, Oregon (the district), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the district's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph on governmental activities, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the district as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion on the Major Funds

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General Fund and Watershed Improvement Fund of the district as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the district and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

Management did not obtain an actuarial valuation for the implicit rate subsidy for retiree medical insurance coverage. This actuarial valuation was required as a part of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. As a result, no net OPEB liability/asset has been recorded for this implicit subsidy. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The district's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the district's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the district's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the district's 2021 financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund and we expressed a qualified opinion on governmental activities and an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated December 23, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budget to actual schedules for the General Fund and Watershed Improvement Fund, as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United Sates of American. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Report on Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the district's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund schedule and budgetary comparison schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing

standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the combining and individual fund schedule and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 28, 2022, on our consideration of the district's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the district's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2022, on our consideration of the district's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

For Solutions, CPAs PC

amy K. Walker

John Day, Oregon December 28, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

As management of the Sherman County Soil and Water Conservation District (the district), we offer readers of the district's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the government-wide statements, the assets of the district exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2022 by \$1,692,884. Of this amount, \$14,671 represents the district's net investment in capital assets, \$153,979 is restricted for special programs, and the balance of \$1,524,234 is unrestricted and available to meet the district's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The district's total net position increased by \$162,699 primarily due decreased watershed improvement expenses.
- The district recognized \$215,508 of operating grant revenue, representing 54% of total revenue, and \$137,799 of property tax revenue, representing 35% of total revenue.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the district's basic financial statements. The district's basic financial statements consist of two components: 1) government-wide financial statements and 2) notes to basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the district's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

The Statement of Net Position: The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the district at year end. Net position is what remains after the liabilities have been paid or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities: The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the district changed over the year by tracking revenues, expenses and other transactions that increase or reduce net position. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the government-wide financial statements, the district's activities are shown in one category:

Governmental activities: The district's activities are presented as governmental activities. These activities are primarily financed through intergovernmental revenue supplemented by charges for services and products.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the district's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the district as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

for specific activities or objectives. The district, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the district can be divided into one category: governmental funds.

Governmental funds: The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are reconciled to the government-wide Statements of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

The district maintains two individual governmental budgetary funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the Watershed Improvement Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 16 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 22 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the major governmental fund budget to actual statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the district, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,692,884 at June 30, 2022, an increase of \$162,699 from the previous year.

Capital assets, which consist of the district's vehicles, and equipment, represent about 1% percent of total assets. The remaining assets consist of cash and receivables.

The district's liabilities consist primarily of accounts payable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities					
	June 30, 2022 June 30, 20					
Current and other assets	\$ 1,692,747	\$ 1,533,872				
Capital assets	14,671	11,576				
Total assets	1,707,418	1,545,448				
Current liabilities	14,534	15,263				
Total liabilities	14,534	15,263				
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets	14,671	11,576				
Restricted	153,979	113,612				
Unrestricted	1,524,234	1,404,997				
Total net position	\$ 1,692,884	\$ 1,530,185				

Governmental Activities: During the current fiscal year, the district's net position increased by \$162,699 compared to \$72,351 from the prior year. The key elements of the change in the district's net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

- Decrease in watershed improvement expenses of \$83,611
- Property taxes of \$137,799 and Strategic investment in lieu of taxes of \$38,406

Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities					
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021				
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 137,799	\$ 127,634				
Operating grants	215,508	217,082				
SIP in lieu of taxes	38,406	36,010				
Other	7,428	11,678				
Total revenues	399,141	392,404				
Expenses						
Watershed improvement	236,442	320,053				
Total expenses	236,442	320,053				
Increase in net position	162,699	72,351				
Beginning net position	1,530,185	1,457,834				
Ending net position	\$ 1,692,884	\$ 1,530,185				

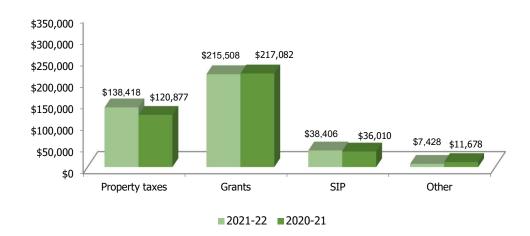
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

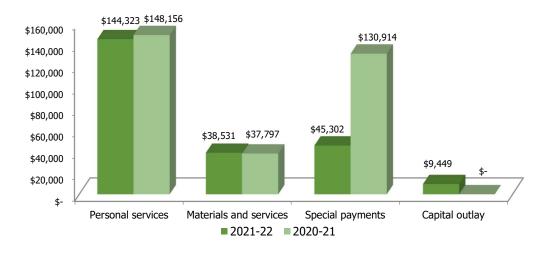
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUND

At June 30, 2022, the district's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,520,338, an increase from \$121,788 from the beginning of the year. Of this fund balance, \$1,024,893 is unassigned, which is available for spending at the district's discretion and \$495,445 is assigned for the reserve fund.

Revenue by Function - All Funds



Expenditures by Function - All Funds



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year the General Fund expenditures were under budget by \$385,851. Revenues received from property taxes, grants, and miscellaneous receipts were \$16,365 less than anticipated.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: The district's investment in capital assets includes vehicles and equipment. As of June 30, 2022, the district had invested \$14,671 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

During the year, the district's investment in capital assets increased by \$3,095, net of depreciation. The increase is the result of capital purchases of \$6,050 and depreciation costs of \$2,955. Additional information on the district's capital assets can be found in note 3 on page 22 of this report.

Long-Term Debt: The district does not have any debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year has total appropriations of \$1,006,105 as compared to the 2021-22 fiscal year of \$977,686. This increase can be attributed to general cost of living changes and continued grant funding.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the district's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information can be obtained by calling the district's business office at (541) 705-5070 or by sending a written request to: Sherman County Soil and Water Conservation District, Business Office; PO Box 405; Moro, OR 97039.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Moro, Oregon

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for 2021)

	Governmental Activities		
	June 30,	June 30,	
	2022	2021	
ASSETS Cash with depositories	\$ 1,626,030	\$ 1,464,716	
Property taxes receivable	7,828	8,447	
Grants receivable	58,889	60,709	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation			
Equipment	14,671	11,576	
Total capital assets	14,671	11,576	
Total assets	1,707,418	1,545,448	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	3,847	6,870	
Accrued liabilities	6,756	6,393	
Accrued compensated absences	3,931	2,000	
Total liabilities	14,534	15,263	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	14,671	11,576	
Restricted for special programs	153,979	113,612	
Unrestricted	1,524,234	1,404,997	
Total net position	\$ 1,692,884	\$ 1,530,185	

Moro, Oregon

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended
June 30, 2022
(With Comparable Totals for 2021)

		Program Net (Expense		,	
		Revenues		nanges in	
		Operating	Net Po	sition	
		Grants and	June 30,	June 30,	
Functions	Expenses	Contributions	2022	2021	
Governmental activities					
Watershed improvement	\$ 236,442	\$ 215,508	\$ (20,934)	\$ (102,971)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 236,442	\$ 215,508	(20,934)	(102,971)	
	General revenue	es			
	Property taxes		137,799	127,634	
	SIP in lieu of	taxes	38,406	36,010	
	Interest incor	ne	4,985	4,733	
	Other income		2,443	6,945	
	Total general re	evenues	183,633	175,322	
	Changes in no	et position	162,699	72,351	
	Net position - b	eginning	1,530,185	1,457,834	
	Net position - e	nding	\$ 1,692,884	\$ 1,530,185	

Moro, Oregon

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022 (With Comparable Totals for 2021)

		Wa	WatershedTotal			tal		
	General	Improvement		June 30,			ine 30,	
	Fund		Fund	2022		2021		
ASSETS	± 4 F20 020		07.000		26.020		464746	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,528,830	\$	97,200		26,030	\$ 1,	464,716	
Grants receivable Property taxes receivable	1,327 7,828		57,562		58,889 7,828		60,709 8,447	
• •				+ 4.6	<u> </u>			
Total assets	\$ 1,537,985	\$	154,762	\$ 1,6	92,747	\$ 1,	,533,872	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND								
BALANCE								
Liabilities	4 2.002	+	702	.	2.046	4	C 070	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 3,063 6,756	\$	783	\$	3,846 6,756	\$	6,870	
			<u>_</u>				6,393	
Total liabilities	9,819		783		10,602		13,263	
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable property tax revenue	7,828				7,828		8,447	
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,828		0		7,828		8,447	
Fund balance								
Restricted	_		153,979	1.	53,979		113,612	
Assigned	495,445		-	4	95,445		499,945	
Unassigned	1,024,893			1,0	24,893		898,605	
Total fund balance	1,520,338		153,979	1,6	74,317	1,	512,162	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balance	\$ 1,537,985	\$	154,762	\$ 1,6	92,747	\$ 1,	533,872	

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances		\$ 1,674,317
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 69,866 (55,195)	14,671
A portion of the district's property taxes are collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's operations, and therefore are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		7,827
Long-term liabilities applicable to the district's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Compensated absences are not accrued in governmental funds, but rather are recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long term are reported in the Statement of Not Position.		(2.021)
and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		(3,931)
Total Net Position		\$ 1,692,884

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparable Totals for 2021)

			W	atershed	Total				
	_	eneral	Imp	provement	J	June 30,		lune 30,	
		Fund		Fund		2022		2021	
Revenues									
Operating grants	\$	38,568	\$	176,940	\$	215,508	\$	217,082	
Property taxes		138,418		=		138,418		120,877	
SIP in lieu of taxes Other income		38,406		-		38,406		36,010	
Interest income		2,443 4,985		_		2,443 4,985		6,945 4,733	
Total revenues		222,820		176,940		399,760		385,647	
Expenditures									
Current									
Personal services		48,530		95,793		144,323		148,156	
Materials and services		20,100		18,431		38,531		37,797	
Special payments		26,352		18,950		45,302		130,914	
Capital outlay		6,050		3,399		9,449			
Total expenditures		101,032		136,573		237,605		316,867	
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures and net change in									
fund balance		121,788		40,367		162,155		68,780	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1	,398,550		113,612		1,512,162		1,443,382	
Fund balance at end of year - by cat	egory	/							
Restricted		-		153,979		153,979		113,612	
Assigned		495,445		-		495,445		499,945	
Unassigned	1	,024,893				1,024,893		898,605	
Fund balance at end of year - Total	\$ 1	,520,338	\$	153,979	\$:	1,674,317	\$	1,512,162	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance		\$ 162,155
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay.		
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 6,050 (2,955)	3,095
Property taxes that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities property taxes		
are recognized as revenue when levied.		(620)
Governmental funds report the effect of accrued compensated absences when paid. In the Statement of Activities, however, compensated absences are recognized when accrued. The change in compensated absences is recognized as an expense on the		
Statement of Activities.		(1,931)
Change in Net Position		\$ 162,699

Moro, Oregon

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The Sherman County Soil and Water Conservation District (the district) is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon to promote conservation techniques to sustain and restore the soil and local watershed areas. The administration of the district is vested in an elected five-member board of directors.

The district's annual financial report includes the accounts of all district operations. The following summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in evaluating the district's financial statements.

A. The Reporting Entity

The district is a political subdivision of the state of Oregon. It is governed by an elected five-member board of directors. These financial statements present all the funds of the district.

In evaluating how to define the district for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the district is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. The district currently has no component units that should be included in the reporting entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the district. These statements include the governmental financial activities of the overall district. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are financed primarily through property taxes and operating grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of its functions/programs. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to that function. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues are operating grants. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are classified as general revenues, including property taxes and interest.

Moro, Oregon

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally restricted, imposed by creditors (such as through grantors, contributors, or laws) or through constitutional provisions or enabling resolutions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the district's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the district. Its purpose is to account for and report all general operations of the district. The principal revenue sources are property taxes, operating grants, and interest. Included in the General Fund are the budgeted funds, General Operation Reserve Fund and the Watershed Education Reserve Fund.

Watershed Improvement Fund - The Watershed Improvement Fund accounts for grants received from various state and federal agencies. These grants vary in designated time limitations for utilization of the grant funds, and vary as to requirements that must be met as to how the funds are used. The grant fund purposes range from conservation and education to administrative and are handled according to the rules and regulations set forth by the granting agencies.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the district receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the district funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the district's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (when they are measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The district considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after

Moro, Oregon

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Property taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when the cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair not adding to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the district as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of \$1,000 and a useful life in excess of one year.

Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to recover the cost of the depreciable assets over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of 5-10 years.

E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

A budget is prepared for the district in accordance with the cash basis of accounting and legal requirements set forth in the Oregon local budget law. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total personal services, materials and services, special payments, capital outlay, and transfers by fund are the levels of control. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the abovementioned expenditure categories. Appropriations lapse at June 30.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriations resolution. A supplemental budget may require hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and approval by the board of directors. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriations transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the board of directors. The district does not utilize encumbrance accounting for budgeted funds.

F. Property Taxes Receivable

The district levies taxes on a fiscal year from July 1 to June 30. The current levy becomes a lien on July 1. Taxes are due November 15 and become delinquent May 15. Foreclosure is started three years after taxes become delinquent. The district turns all tax collection duties over to Sherman County, Oregon. Property tax revenues are recognized when they are collected.

Moro, Oregon NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

G. Deposits and Investments

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All short-term cash surpluses are maintained in a demand account.

Oregon statutes and local ordinances authorize the district to invest (short-term and long-term) in certificates of deposit (considered deposits for risk categorization purposes), certain bond obligations of civil subdivisions, general obligations of the United States, U.S. agency issues, general obligations of the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and California, certain interest bearing bonds of a county, port or school district, certain interest bearing bonds on any city in the state of Oregon, life insurance and annuity contracts, pooled deferred compensation trusts, banker's acceptances, and certain corporate bonds.

H. Compensated Absences

Employees of the district are entitled to paid vacation and compensatory time depending on job classification and length of service. Accrued vacation and compensatory time accrue monthly and are only paid out upon separation from employment. An employee can carry forward a maximum of 240 hours of vacation and compensatory time.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles used in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Nonspendable fund balance is the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because they are either (a) in a nonspendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the board of directors passes a resolution that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The board action that imposed the limitation would need to occur no later than the close of the reporting period. The board can modify or rescind the action at any time through passage of an additional resolution.

The net resources that are constrained by the district's intent to use them are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the board approves which resources

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

should be set aside for specific purposes during the adoption of the annual budget. The board and office manager use that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned in the district's financial statements. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund.

The district applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

K. Prior Period Comparative Information

The basic financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the district's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 2. Deposits

At June 30, 2022 the carrying amount of the district's deposits was \$1,626,030 and the bank balance was \$1,637,264. The district maintains depository relationships with area financial institutions that are Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured institutions. The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. FDIC insurance of \$250,000 applies to the deposits in each depository. Where balances continually exceed \$250,000, ORS 295 requires the depositor to verify that deposit accounts are only maintained at financial institutions on the list of qualified depositories found on the state treasurer's Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) web site. Oregon Revised Statute Chapter 295 requires all Oregon bank depositories holding public fund deposits to maintain securities totaling a value not less than 110 percent of the greater of:

- a. All public funds held by the bank depository; or
- b. The average of the balances of public funds held by the bank depository, as shown on the last four immediately preceding treasurer reports.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the district's deposits may not be returned to it. The district does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. However, the balances in excess of the FDIC insurance are considered collateralized by PFCP. As of June 30, 2022 the district had no balances exposed to custodial credit risk.

Moro, Oregon

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

Note 3. Changes in Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Balance						Balance		
Capital assets	June 30, 2021		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2022		
Office and field equipment	\$	63,816	\$	6,050	\$		\$	69,866	
		63,816		6,050		0		69,866	
Accumulated depreciation									
Office and field equipment		52,240		2,955				55,195	
		52,240		2,955		0		55,195	
Capital assets, net	\$	11,576	\$	3,095	\$	0	\$	14,671	

Note 4. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The only long-term debt of the district is the accrued compensated absences (accrued vacation and compensatory time). The balance as of June 30, 2022 was \$3,931 compared to \$2,000 for the prior year.

Note 5. Risk Management

The district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters for which the district carries commercial insurance. The district does not engage in risk financing activities where the risk is retained (self-insurance). Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by these agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the district. The amount, if any, of costs which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although district management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Cash Basis GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Bud	(Over) Under		
	Actual	Original	Final	Budget	
Revenues Operating grants Property taxes SIP in lieu of taxes Interest Other income	\$ 37,242 138,418 38,406 4,985 2,443	\$ 50,373 125,986 41,000 12,000 8,500	\$ 50,373 125,986 41,000 12,000 8,500	\$ 13,131 (12,432) 2,594 7,015 6,057	
Total revenues	221,494	237,859	237,859	16,365_	
Expenditures Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Special payments Contingency	48,168 20,331 6,050 18,816	90,716 38,500 60,000 90,000 200,000	90,716 38,500 60,000 90,000 200,000	42,548 18,169 53,950 71,184 200,000	
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures and net change in fund		479,216	479,216	385,851	
balance	128,129	(241,357)	(241,357)	(369,486)	
Fund balance, July 1	905,257	409,709	409,709	(495,548)	
Fund balance, June 30	1,033,386	\$ 168,352	\$ 168,352	\$ (865,034)	
Reconciliation to fund basis:					
Accounts receivable Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,327 (3,064) (6,756)				
Modified accrual fund balance	\$ 1,024,893				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Cash Basis WATERSHED IMPROVEMENT FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Bud	(Over) Under	
	Actual	Original	Final	Budget
Revenues Operating grants	\$ 180,087	\$ 407,672	\$ 407,672	\$ 227,585
Total revenues	180,087	407,672	407,672	227,585
Expenditures Personal services Materials and services Special payments Contingency	95,793 21,426 25,182	119,070 44,000 150,400 60,000	119,070 44,000 150,400 60,000	23,277 22,574 125,218 60,000
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures and net change in fund balance		<u>373,470</u> 34,202	373,470	231,069
Fund balance, July 1	59,514	75,929	75,929	16,415
Fund balance, June 30	97,200	\$ 110,131	\$ 110,131	\$ 12,931
Reconciliation to fund basis:				
Accounts receivable Accounts payable	57,562 (783)			
Modified accrual fund balance	\$ 153,979			

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY REPORTING

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

In accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes, the board of directors annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing. The budget may be amended during the year through statutorily prescribed procedures. The district's budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon major classes of expenditures known as functions within each fund. The functions include: personal services, materials and services, special payments, capital outlay and contingencies. The district did not approve any changes to the adopted budget during the year.

During the year ended June 30, 2022 disbursements in the General Fund and Watershed Improvement Fund were within certified budget amounts.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

Moro, Oregon COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND

June 30, 2022

		General	Watershed		
	C	Operating Educat		Total	
	General	Reserve	Reserve	June 30,	
ASSETS	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	2022	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,033,385	\$ 465,000	\$ 30,445	\$ 1,528,830	
Grants receivable	1,327	э т оэ,ооо -	ў 30,тт3 -	1,327	
Property taxes receivable	7,828	_	_	7,828	
Total assets	\$ 1,042,540	\$ 465,000	\$ 30,445		
Total assets	\$ 1,042,340	\$ 465,000	\$ 30,445	\$ 1,537,985	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 3,063 6,756	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ 3,063 6,756	
Total liabilities	9,819	0	0	9,819	
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable property tax revenue	7,828	<u> </u>		7,828	
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,828	0	0	7,828	
Fund balance Assigned Unassigned	- 1,024,893	465,000 	30,445 	495,445 1,024,893	
Total fund balance	1,024,893	465,000	30,445	1,520,338	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balance	\$ 1,042,540	\$ 465,000	\$ 30,445	\$ 1,537,985	

Moro, Oregon

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund		General Operating Reserve Fund		Watershed Education Reserve Fund		Total June 30, 2022	
Revenues Operating grants	\$	38,568	\$	_	\$	_	\$	38,568
Property taxes Strategic investment program in lieu	•	38,418	4	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	138,418
of taxes		38,406		-		-		38,406
Other income		2,443		-		-		2,443
Interest income		4,985						4,985
Total revenues	2	22,820		0		0		222,820
Expenditures								
Personal services		48,530		-		-		48,530
Materials and services		20,100		-		-		20,100
Special payments		21,852		-		4,500		26,352
Capital outlay		6,050						6,050
Total expenditures		96,532		0		4,500		101,032
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures and net change in fund								
balance	1	26,288		0		(4,500)		121,788
Fund balance at beginning of year	8	98,605	46	5,000		34,945		1,398,550
Fund balance at end of year - by categor	γ							
Assigned	•	-	46!	5,000		30,445		495,445
Unassigned	1,0	24,893						1,024,893
Fund balance at end of year - Total	\$ 1,0	24,893	\$ 46!	5,000	\$	30,445	\$	1,520,338

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Cash Basis GENERAL OPERATING RESERVE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budget					(Over) Under	
	Actual		<u>Original</u>		Final		Budget	
Revenues								
Operating grants	\$		\$		\$		_\$	
Total revenues		0		0		0		0
Expenditures								
Personal services		-		60,000		60,000		60,000
Special payments		-		50,000		50,000		50,000
Total expenditures		0		110,000		110,000		110,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures and net change in fund								
balance		0		(110,000)		(110,000)		(110,000)
Fund balance, July 1		465,000		724,500		724,500		259,500
Fund balance, June 30	\$	465,000	\$	614,500	\$	614,500	\$	149,500

SHERMAN COUNTY SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT Moro, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Cash Basis WATERSHED EDUCATION RESERVE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget				(Over) Under			
	Actual		Original		Final		Budget	
Revenues								
Operating grants	_\$_		_\$_	_	\$		\$	
Total revenues		0		0		0		0
Expenditures								
Special payments		4,500		15,000		15,000		10,500
Total expenditures		4,500		15,000		15,000		10,500
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures and net change in fund								
balance		(4,500)		(15,000)		(15,000)		(10,500)
Fund balance, July 1		34,945		42,945		42,945		8,000
Fund balance, June 30	\$	30,445	\$	27,945	\$	27,945	\$	(2,500)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



Mitch T. Saul, CPA Amy K. Walker, CPA Harmony S. Piazza, CPA Anna K. Bass

Robert M. Armstrong, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Board of Directors Sherman County Soil and Water Conservation District Moro, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of Sherman County Soil and Water Conservation District (the district) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2022.

COMPLIANCE

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the district's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the district was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

OAR 162-10-0280 INTERNAL CONTROL

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the district's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control. Deficiencies in internal control, in any, were communicated separately.

Our Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* dated December 28, 2022, is presented under separate cover.

RESTRICTIONS ON USE

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

For Solutions, CPAs PC John Day, Oregon

amy K. Walker

December 28, 2022



Oregon Secretary of State – Audits Division Summary of Revenues and Expenditures

A. Municipal cor	poration informatio	n								
Municipality name:	Sherman County S	Soil and Wa	ter Co	onservation Distr	rict					
Address line 1:	PO Box 405		Reporting period: From	07/01/2021						
Address line 2:					То	06/30/2022				
City, state, ZIP:	Moro			OR 97039	Report type:	Audit				
Check if new addres	s:				Opinion issued:	Qualified				
If this is the final re	port, please enter the	last date of op	eration	s:	Basis of accounting:	GAAP				
D E		. 116 *	•							
	ment audit – Repor					all the et accele.				
	Regarding internal controls over financial reporting,			3. How were deficiencies communicated? Check all that apply.						
how many significant deficiencies and material weaknesses were reported?			_	Report issued in accordance with Government Auditing Standards						
weaknesses were reported?						_				
2. Of those control deficiencies reported, how many Matters Identified in a					•	Sontiol Related				
resulted in the fo	llowing:	•			nication):					
Accounting error	rs/Misstatements:	0		deficiencies	,					
	Noncompliance:		Per O	AR 162-010-0230, a	copy must be filed with	Secretary of State.				
C. Summary of re	evenues and expend	itures								
Revenues and/or re	eceipts			Expenditures and	l/or disbursements					
a. Revenues from go		4 2 2 2	4 4 4		om government-wide					
statement of activ		\$ 399	,141	statement of act	•	\$ 236,442				
b. Fiduciary fund add	ditions:			b. Fiduciary fund d	eductions:					
c. Gross revenues	subtotal (a + b):	\$ 399,14		c. Gross expendit	tures subtotal (a + b):	\$ 236,442				
d. Revenues of com	ponent units:			d. Component unit	expenditures reported					
e. Taxes, assessmer	nts and other			with primary gov	vernment:					
collections to be d	listributed to			e. Turnovers to oth	ier					
other government	S:			municipal corpo	rations:					
f. Exempt revenue	subtotal (d + e):	\$ 0		f. Exempt expend	itures subtotal (d + e):	\$ 0				
g. Net revenues (c	– f):	\$ 399	9,141	g. Net expenditur	es (c – f):	\$ 236,442				
		D. Filing f	fee:			\$ 150				
E. Submitted by										
Auditor name: AM	Y K WALKER			Municipa	al license number: 1604	ļ				
	LITIONS CDAS D	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Date: 12/3					

Within 30 days of delivering the audit report to the municipal corporation, one copy of this summary must be filed with the Secretary of State, Audits Division, and one copy must be delivered to the municipal corporation. If deficiencies are communicated in a separate letter or in a report issued in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, a copy of that communication must also be filed. (OAR 162-010-0230)

Municipal contact name, title: AMANDA WHITMAN, DISTRICT MANAGER Municipal phone: (541) 705-5070

REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



Mitch T. Saul, CPA Amy K. Walker, CPA Harmony S. Piazza, CPA Anna K. Bass

Robert M. Armstrong, CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Sherman County Soil and Water Conservation District Moro, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sherman County Soil and Water Conservation District (the district), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the district's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the district's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses, and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the district's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. See Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations for instances of noncompliance, if any, with matters related to Oregon statutes.

District's Response to Findings

The district's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The district's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering the district's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Solutions, CPAs PC

amy K. Walker

John Day, Oregon December 28, 2022 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

SHERMAN COUNTY SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Moro, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

June 30, 2022

MATERIAL WEAKNESS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

2022-001

Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: The financial statements are the responsibility of the district's management, including the prevention or detection of material misstatements in the presentation and disclosure of the financial statements. Non-attest services performed by the auditor in the preparation of the financial statements cannot be considered compensating controls.

Condition: The district engages their auditors to provide non-attest services for the preparation of its financial statements. Although common for municipalities the size of the district, this condition represents a control deficiency over the financial reporting process that is required to be reported under professional standards as long as management makes all financial reporting decisions, and accepts responsibility for the content of the financial statements. However, those activities performed by the auditor are not a substitute for, or extension of, internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Cause: The district's accounting personnel do not possess the advanced training that would provide the expertise necessary to prepare the financial statements and related notes in accordance with GAAP, and therefore may not be able to prevent or detect a material misstatement in the preparation and disclosure of the financial statements. Misstatements in financial statements may include not only misstated financial amounts, but also the omission of disclosures required by GAAP.

Effect: Material misstatement in the preparation and disclosure of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP may not be prevented or detected. Misstatements in financial statements include not only misstated dollar amounts, but also the omission of disclosures required under GAAP.

Recommendations: We understand that it may not be practical to acquire or allocate the internal resources to perform all of the controls necessary over financial reporting. However, management (including the Board of Directors) should mitigate this deficiency by keeping informed about the district's internal controls, performing supervisory reviews, studying the financial statements and related footnote disclosures, and understanding its responsibility for the financial statements as a whole.

This deficiency is related specifically to the preparation of GAAP basis financial statements and does not adversely affect the district's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with their budget basis of accounting.

Responsible Official's Response: We understand the importance of risk management and the need to address risks in an informed, cost-beneficial way. As a result of our cost-benefit analysis we have determined the value of incurring the additional expense of hiring a staff person or another firm to prepare our financial statements does not justify the cost.